



# Operating manual

Horizontal continuous mixer HM 2002

Part 2 Overview, operation and service



Item no. of the operating manual:

20099859

HM 2002, 230 V, 1 Ph, 50 Hz

Art.-Nr. 00020473

HM 2002, 120 V, 1 Ph, 60 Hz, 2.2 kW with rubber mixing tube

Art.-Nr. 00593359

HM 2002, 230 V, 1 Ph, 50 Hz (steel mixing tube)

Art.-Nr. 20546003



Read the operating manual prior to starting any work!



## About us

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## 1 General information

### 1.1 Information regarding the operating manual

- This operating manual provides important information and instructions on the correct use of the machine. A prerequisite for safe working is the observance of all stated safety guidelines and instructions.
- Furthermore, the local accident prevention guidelines and general safety instructions for the application area of the device are to be adhered to.
- Read the operating manual thoroughly before starting any work! It is a part of the product and has to be kept near the device and easily accessible to the personnel at all times.
- If the device is given to third parties, also include the operating manual.
- The figures in this manual are for presentation purposes of facts, not necessarily to scale and may slightly differ from the actual model of the device.

### 1.2 Division

The operating manual is divided into 2 books:

- Part 1 Safety/drinking water protection

General safety instructions horizontal continuous mixer/compulsory mixer

Item no.: 00146378

- Part 2 Overview, operation and service (this manual).

#### **WARNING**



#### **Danger of injury due to incorrect operation!**

Improper operation may lead to serious damage to persons and property.

- To ensure safe and proper operation of the machine, all parts of the operating manual must be read before starting work; all parts together are considered to be a single operating manual.

### 1.3 Keep the manual for future reference

The operating manual has to be available during the whole service life of the product.

## General information

### 1.4 Display of safety and warning notices

In this manual, safety and warning notices are used in conjunction with signal words to raise safety awareness, indicate degrees of danger and explain safety measures.

Such safety and warning information may also be attached to the product in the form of signs, stamps or stickers.

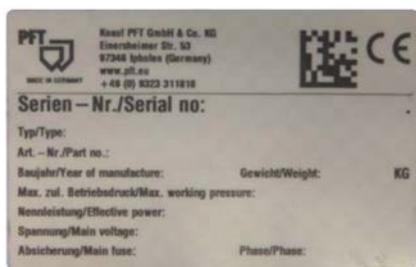
#### Structure of the safety and warning notices

All safety and warning notices consist of:

- The danger sign and signal word
- Information on the nature of the hazard
- Information on the source of the hazard
- Information on possible consequences of disregarding the hazard
- Measures to avert the hazard

Danger sign	Signal word	Significance
	Danger	Death or serious injury will occur if you do not take the precautions described.
	Warning	Death or serious injury may occur if you do not take the precautions described.
	Caution	Minor injury may occur if you do not take the precautions described.
	Note	Property damage may occur if you do not take the precautions described.
	Tip	An important piece of information about the product or the particular section of the manual to which special attention is to be drawn.

### 1.5 Name plate



The following details can be found on the name plate:

- Manufacturer
- Type
- Year of manufacture
- Machine number
- Permissible operating pressure

Figure 1: Name plate



## 1.6 EC Declaration of Conformity

Company: Knauf PFT GmbH & Co. KG  
Einersheimer Straße 53  
97346 Iphofen  
Germany

declares under our sole responsibility that the machine:

**Type of machine:** HM 2002  
**Type of equipment:** Horizontal continuous mixer  
**Serial number:**  
**Guaranteed sound power level:** 78 dB

is in conformity with the following CE directives:

- Outdoor Directive (2000/14/EC),
- Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC),
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU),.

Operative Conformity Assessment according to Outdoor Directive 2000/14/EC:

Internal production control as per article 14 paragraph 2 in connection with annex V.

This declaration only refers to the machine in the state in which it has been placed on the market. Parts subsequently added by the user and/or subsequent interventions are not covered. This declaration ceases to be valid if the product is converted or changed without consent.

Person authorised to compile the relevant technical documentation:

- (Dipl. in Industrial Engineering, University of Applied Sciences) Michael Duelli, Einersheimer Straße 53, 97346 Iphofen.

The technical documentation is available from:

- Knauf PFT GmbH & Co. KG, Technical Department, Einersheimer Straße 53, 97346 Iphofen.

Iphofen

Dr York Falkenberg  
Managing Director

Town/city

Name and signature

Details of signatory

## 1.7 Quality Control sticker



The following details can be found on the Quality Control sticker:

- CE confirmed as per EU directives
- Serial no / serial number
- Controller / signature
- Date of control

Figure 2: Quality Control sticker

## 1.8 Intended use

### 1.8.1 Purpose of fitting block

The fitting block has been designed and constructed only for the intended use described below.

#### NOTE



#### Application range!

Primary use for water and neutral, non-adhesive liquids. Also suitable for air and neutral non-flammable gases.

- Maximum operating pressure (initial pressure) 16 bar.
- After-pressure infinitely adjustable from 1.5 to 6 bar.
- Smallest possible initial pressure 2.5 bar.
- Minimum pressure gradient (initial/after-pressure) 1 bar.
- Maximum media and ambient temperature 75 °C.
- Assembly position as desired, preferable vertical.

## 1.8.2 Purpose of flowmeter

### NOTE



#### Application range!

The flowmeter serves for measuring the volume of transparent liquid and gas flows in closed pipes. Optionally, the flowmeter can also be used for flow monitoring.

### ⚠ CAUTION



#### Danger due to improper use!

Any use beyond the specified purpose of use and/or any other form of use of the flowmeter can lead to dangerous situations.

Therefore:

- Only use the flowmeter as intended.
- Always adhere to the usage directives of the material manufacturer.
- Strictly follow all instructions in this operating manual.

We accept no responsibility for damages caused by improper or unauthorised use.

The operator of the device is solely responsible for any damage arising from improper use.

## 1.8.3 Purpose of solenoid valve

### NOTE



#### Application range!

Solenoid valves for liquid and gaseous media, aggressive or neutral, can be used in various temperature and pressure ranges

Type 6213 is a 2/2 way solenoid valve with straight passage, normally closed, with a permanently coupled membrane system. It switches from 0 bar and is universal in use for liquids. A minimum differential pressure of 0.5 bar is necessary for complete opening.

## Technical data



## 2 Technical data

### 2.1 General information



Figure 3: Dimension sheet in mm

Information	Value	Unit
Empty weight approx. item no. 00020473	118	kg
Empty weight approx. item no. 00593359	120	kg
Empty weight approx. item no. 20546003	125	kg
Length	1,870	mm
Width	575	mm
Height	1,005	mm

#### Material hopper dimensions

Information	Value	Unit
Filling height	1,005	mm
Outlet height	560	mm
Material hopper volume	110	l



## 2.2 Connection values of water



Figure 4: Water connection

Detail	Value	Unit
Operating pressure, min.	2.5	bar
Connection	½	inch

## 2.3 Operating conditions

### Environment

Detail	Value	Unit
Temperature range	2 - 45	°C
Relative humidity, max.	80	%

### Duration

Detail	Value	Unit
Max. operating time at a stretch	8	hours

### 2.3.1 Operating conditions 230V 50Hz

#### Electrics 230V 50Hz

Detail	Value	Unit
Voltage, 1Ph 50 Hz	230	V
Power consumption, max.	14.5	A
Minimum fuse protection, type B	16	A
AC current 230V, 50Hz, 16A supply line 3 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> only to site main cabinet with specified RCCB 30mA	16	A
Speed of mixing shaft	280	Rpm

### 2.3.2 Operating conditions 230V 60Hz

#### Electrics 230V 60Hz

Detail	Value	Unit
Voltage, 1Ph 60 Hz	230	V
Power consumption, max.	13	A
Minimum fuse protection, type B	16	A
CEE connection, 3-pin (2P/PE) supply line 3 x 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> only to site main cabinet with specified RCCB 30mA	16	A
Speed of mixing shaft	325	Rpm

**Technical data****2.3.3 Operating conditions 120V 60Hz**Electrics 120V 60Hz

Detail	Value	Unit
Voltage, 1Ph 60 Hz	120	V
Power consumption, max.	25	A
Minimum fuse protection, type C	32	A
CEE connection, 3-pin (2P/PE) supply line 3 x 4 mm <sup>2</sup> only to site main cabinet with specified RCCB 30mA	32	A
Speed of mixing shaft	325	Rpm

**2.4 Power values**Power values HM 2002

Detail	Value	Unit
Mixing performance approx. *	24 - 30	l/min
Maximum grain size	4	mm

\* Standard values depending on mortar quality, mortar composition and mortar consistency. The guidelines of the mortar manufacturer are ultimately authoritative.

**2.5 Sound power level**

Guaranteed sound power level  $L_{WA}$

■ 78 dB(A)

**2.6 Vibrations**

Weighted effective value of acceleration to which the upper body parts are exposed  $<2.5 \text{ m/s}^2$

### 3 Transport, packing and storage

#### 3.1 Safety instructions for transport

##### Improper transport

#### NOTE



#### Damage from improper transport!

Improper transport may cause substantial property damage.

Therefore:

- When unloading the packages on delivery, as well as transport within the company, pay attention and observe the symbols and instruction on the package.
- Use only the specified anchorage points.
- Remove packaging only shortly before the assembly.

##### Suspended loads

#### ⚠ WARNING



#### Danger to life from suspended loads!

When lifting heavy loads, there is danger to life from falling parts or uncontrolled swinging parts.

Therefore:

- Never step under suspended loads.
- Observe the instructions regarding the provided anchorage points.
- Do not attach to projecting machine parts or eyelets of attached components and ensure safe fit of the sling gear.
- Only use approved lifting gear and accessories with a sufficient load-bearing capacity.
- Do not use torn or frayed ropes and belts.
- Do not lay ropes and belts over sharp edges and corners, do not knot or twist.
- When ropes and chains are used in construction operations, the provisions contained in the accident prevention regulation "Load suspension devices in lifting gear operations" (VBG 9a) should be complied with. The following sections contain instructions for scenarios in which ropes and chains are used as lifting means.

## Transport, packing and storage

### 3.2 Transport inspection

On receipt check the delivery immediately for completeness and transport damage.

In case of externally visible transport damage, proceed as follows:

- Do not accept the delivery or under reserve only.
- Note the extent of damage on the transport documentation or on the delivery note of the carrier.
- Initiate complaint process.

#### NOTE



Report any defect as soon as it is detected. Claims for damages can be asserted only within the valid warranty period.

### 3.3 Packaging

#### For packaging

The individual packages have to be packed in accordance with the transport conditions to be expected. Only environmentally-friendly materials were used for the packaging.

The packaging should protect the individual components until the assembly from transport damage, corrosion and other damage. Therefore do not destroy the packaging and remove only shortly before the assembly.

#### Handling packaging materials

If no agreement for the recovery of the packaging has been made, separate materials according to type and size and reuse or recycle.

#### NOTE

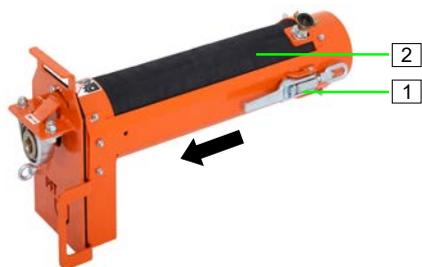


#### **Environmental damage due to incorrect disposal!**

Packaging materials are valuable raw materials and in many cases they can be reused or reconditioned and recycled.

- Dispose of packaging materials in an environmentally-friendly way.
- Observe the applicable local disposal regulations. If required hand over the disposal to a specialist.

### 3.4 Transport in individual parts



The mixing tube can be removed in order to make it easier to transport the machine:

1. Loosen the quick closures (1) and take out the mixing tube (2) forward.

Figure 5: Individual parts

### 3.5 Transporting a running machine

#### **⚠ CAUTION**



#### **Danger of injury from discharged mortar!**

Injuries to face and eyes can occur.

Therefore:

- Before opening the couplings ensure that there is no more pressure on the hoses (observe display at mortar manometer).

Carry out the following steps before beginning the transport:

1. First unplug the mains cable.
2. Undo all other cable connections, water supply lines and hoses.
3. Remove loose parts during crane transport.
4. Start transport.

## Description

### 4 Description

#### 4.1 Overview

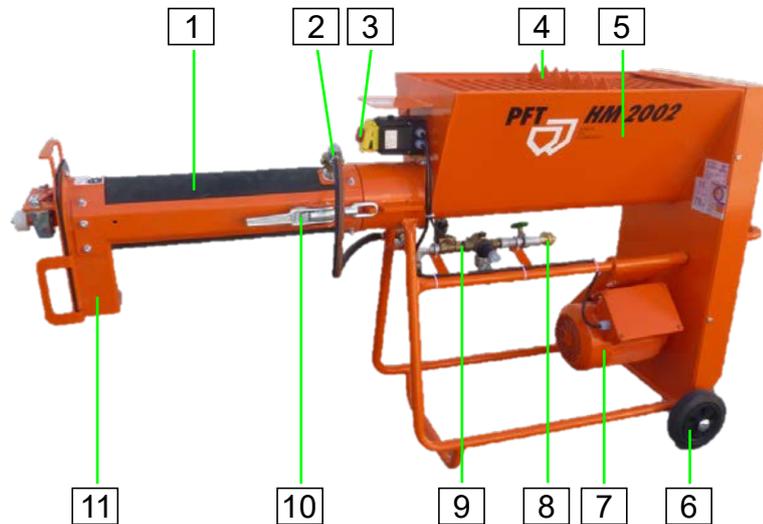


Figure 6: Table of the assembly groups

[1] Rubber mixing tube	[2] Water supply to mixing tube
[3] "ON/OFF" pushbutton, is also emergency stop switch	[4] Protective grille with sack opener
[5] Material hopper with frame	[6] Wheel
[7] Mixer motor	[8] Water inlet
[9] Water manifold	[10] Quick closure at mixing tube
[11] Mortar outlet	

#### 4.2 Brief description of HM 2002



Quickly ready for use, reliable, efficient, easy to operate - the PFT HM 2002 compact screw mixer for bagged goods.

It mixes all lime/cement-based ready-mix dry mortars with a maximum granulation of 4 mm continuously and fully automatically.

Thanks to the rubber mixing tube, there is hardly any caking and the mixer is almost self-cleaning.

Figure 7: HM 2002

### 4.3 Fields of application



For bagged lime/cement-based ready-mixed dry mortar, such as:

- Masonry mortar
  - Light masonry mortar
  - Adhesive and reinforcement mortar
  - Flow and joint mortar
  - Cement plasters
  - Finishing plaster
  - Textured plaster
  - Insulating plasters
  - Levelling compounds
- ... and much more

### 4.4 Advantages at a glance



- robust construction
- easy operation
- minimum maintenance and cleaning expense
- smooth, trouble-free operation
- low filling height
- comfortable transportation
- maintenance-free square external bearing
- protected quick closure

New PFT rubber mixing tube for all continuous mixers

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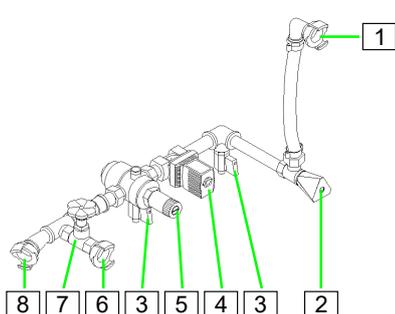
- best suitable for processing adhesive mortar
- no long-term caking of material
- improved mixing quality
- easy and thorough cleaning
- low wear
- cost-effective wear parts
- can be retrofitted to current PFT continuous mixers

### 4.5 Description of assemblies

The PFT HM 2002 continuous mixer consists of the main components described in the following chapters.

## Description

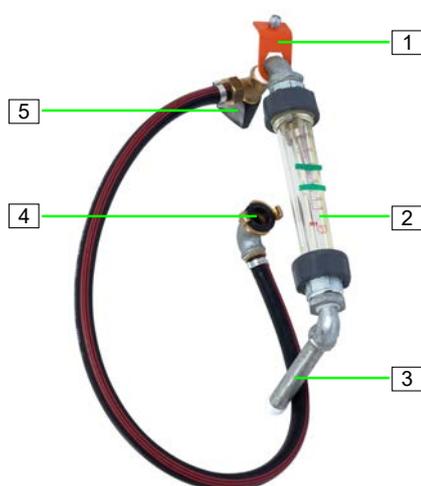
### 4.5.1 Water manifold



- [1] Water to mixing tube
- [2] Needle valve water quantity
- [3] Antifreeze water drain cock
- [4] Solenoid valve
- [5] Pressure reducer
- [6] Water sampling connection
- [7] Water sampling valve
- [8] Water connection from water supply

Figure 8: Water manifold assembly

### 4.5.2 Retrofit kit for water flow meter

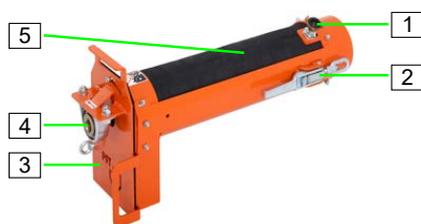


Water flow meter 100 - 1,000 l/h for HM 2002

- [1] Attachment to material hopper
- [2] Water flow meter 100 - 1,000 l/h
- [3] Connection to angular distributor with ball valve
- [4] Water to mixing tube
- [5] Needle valve water quantity

Figure 9: Water flow meter assembly

### 4.5.3 Rubber mixing tube



Part no. 00012594

- [1] Water supply to mixing tube
- [2] Quick closure
- [3] Removable star plate for mortar outlet flange
- [4] Square external bearing
- [5] Rubber mixing tube

Figure 10: Rubber mixing tube assembly

#### 4.5.4 Mixing shaft



Figure 11: Mixing shaft assembly

Part no. 00431198

- Mixing shaft Igel HM 2002 (4 levels) without mortar outlet flange

#### 4.5.5 Dosing shaft



Figure 12: Dosing shaft assembly

Part no. 20547300

- Dosing shaft 30 l/min for HM 2002

### 4.6 Accessories



Extension cable 3 x 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>, BLA 2-16 A - 25 m (230 V, 1 Ph)

- Item no. 20423400



Water hose/air hose DN19 Geka | Geka - 40 m

- Item no. 20212100

## Description



Water pump as standalone suction pump AV 1000 with integrated pressure cut-off and flow monitor, 230 V, 1 Ph, 50 Hz, 0.6 kW

---

- Item no. 00493686



Inlet strainer complete with stainless steel filter screen

---

- Item no. 00136619



Water hose/air hose DN12 Geka | Geka - 5 m

---

- Item no. 20211100



Spray nozzle DN19 ( $\frac{3}{4}$ " ) Geka

---

- Item no. 20215700



Retrofit kit for water flow meter 100 - 1,000 l/h for HM 2002

- Part no. 00001091



Cover of material hopper HM 2002 with accessories

- Part no. 00206710

You can find further accessories on the internet at [www.pft.net](http://www.pft.net) or from your PFT construction machinery dealer.

## Operation

### 5 Operation

#### 5.1 Safety

##### Personal protective equipment

The following protective equipment has to be worn for all operative work:

- Protective clothing
- Protective goggles
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes
- Hearing protection



*Further protective equipment that is to be worn during particular jobs will be pointed out separately in the warning instructions of this chapter.*

##### Basic information

#### **⚠ WARNING**



#### **Danger of injury due to incorrect operation!**

Improper operation may lead to serious damage to persons or property.

Therefore:

- Carry out all operating steps according to the instructions in this user manual.
- Prior to starting your work, ensure that all components are complete and undamaged.
- Prior to starting your work, ensure that all covers and protection devices are installed and work as intended.
- Never operate the machine with defective components and protective devices.
- Never disable protective devices during operation.
- Ensure order and cleanliness in the work area! Loose components and tools on top of one another or lying about pose potential accident risks.
- Increased noise level may cause permanent hearing deficiencies. At close range of the machine 78 dB(A) can be exceeded due to operational conditions. Close range is a distance of less than 5 metres to the machine.

#### 5.1.1 Safety rules

#### **⚠ CAUTION**



Observe the regional safety rules for mortar conveyors and mortar guns!

## 5.1.2 Monitoring the machine

### ⚠ WARNING



#### Access by unauthorised persons!

- The machine may only be operated when monitored.

## 5.1.3 Hazardous dusts



Figure 13: Dust protection

### ⚠ WARNING



#### Danger of damage to health!

In the long term, inhaled dust can lead to lung damage or have other adverse health effects.

- Use suitable face protection.

### NOTE



The machine operator or the person working in the dusty area always has to wear a dust protection mask when filling the machine!

The rules of the Committee on Dangerous Substances (AGS) can be found under Technical Rules for Dangerous Substances (TRGS 559).

## 5.2 Inspection by machine operator

- Prior to each shift, the machine operator has to examine the effectiveness of the control and safety devices, as well as the proper fitting of the protection devices.
- The safe working condition of construction machinery has to be checked by the machine operator during operation.
- If the safety devices show any defects or if any other defects are detected that compromise a safe operation, the supervisor has to be informed immediately.
- In case of defects that cause harm to persons, the operation of the construction machine has to be stopped to eliminate the defects.

## 5.3 Preparing the machine

Prior to operating the machine carry out the following steps for preparing the machine:

## Operation

### 5.3.1 Risk of injury due to rotating dosing shaft



Figure 14: Grille cover

#### WARNING



#### Rotating dosing shaft!

Risk of injury when reaching into the material hopper.

- During machine preparation and operation the grille cover (1) must not be removed.
- Never reach into the running machine.

### 5.3.2 Setting up the machine



Figure 15: Setting up the machine

Install the machine on stable and even ground and secure it against accidental movements:

- Do not tilt or roll the machine away.
- Place the machine where it cannot be hit by any falling objects.
- The controls must be freely accessible.
- Maintain a clearance of approx. 1.5 metres around the machine.

### 5.3.3 Connecting the power supply

#### WARNING



#### Danger to life from rotating parts!

Improper operation may lead to serious damage to persons or property.

- The relevant drive (motor) may only be operated via the associated control box of the machine (under-voltage release).

#### 5.3.3.1 Connecting the power supply 230V 50Hz

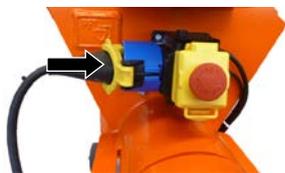


Figure 16: Connect power supply

1. Only connect the machine to a 230V AC network.

#### DANGER



#### Danger to life from electric current!

The electrical connection must be fused correctly:

- Only connect the machine to a power source with an approved RCD (residual current device) of type A (30 mA).

### 5.3.3.2 Connecting the power supply 230V 60Hz



Figure 17: Connect power supply

1. Only connect the machine to a 230V AC network.

#### **⚠ DANGER**



#### **Danger to life from electric current!**

The electrical connection must be fused correctly:

- Only connect the machine to a power source with an approved RCD (residual current device) of type A (30 mA).

### 5.3.3.3 Connecting the power supply 120V 60Hz



Figure 18: Connect power supply

1. Only connect the machine to a 120V AC network.

#### **⚠ DANGER**



#### **Danger to life from electric current!**

The electrical connection must be fused correctly:

- Only connect the machine to a power source with an approved RCD (residual current device) of type A (30 mA).

## Operation

### 5.3.4 Checking the strainer screen



Figure 19: Strainer screen for water inlet

1. Check whether the strainer screen (1) in the water inlet is clean.
2. Remove the strainer screen from the water inlet and clean it.

Screen for Geka coupling:

■ Item no. 20152000

3. Reinsert the strainer screen.
4. Remove the brass screen cup (2) from the pressure reducer.
5. Check whether the strainer screen (3) in the pressure reducer is clean.

Screen for pressure reducer:

■ Item no. 20156000

6. Screw in brass screen cup (2) again.

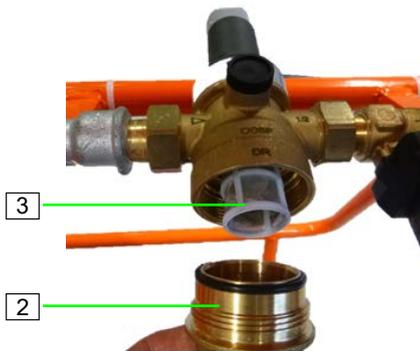


Figure 20: Strainer screen for pressure reducer

### 5.3.5 Connecting the water supply

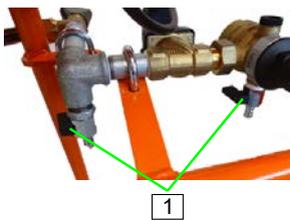


Figure 21: Connect water draining cocks

1. Close water draining cocks (1).
2. Clean the water hose (2) from the water supply and bleed
3. Connect the water hose (2) to the water inlet (3).
4. Open the water tap of the water supply line.
5. Open the water sampling valve (4).
6. As soon as water comes out at the water sampling valve, close it again.



Figure 22: Connecting water supply

#### NOTE



Use only clean water free of solids. The minimum pressure is 2.5 bar when the machine is running.

■ Observe the Drinking Water Protection Ordinance in Part 1

### 5.3.5.1 Connection of water from water tank



Figure 23: Pressure booster pump



Figure 24: Suction strainer complete with filter screen

- Item no. of pressure booster pump AV1000/1 (1): 00493686
- The connected pressure booster pump ensures the required water pressure of at least 2.5 bar.

#### NOTE



When working with water from the barrel, the inlet strainer must be fitted with a filter screen (item no. 00136619)  
(Bleed the booster pump)

#### NOTE



The booster pump must not run dry to avoid any damage!

## Operation

### 5.3.6 Setting the water quantity



Figure 25: Setting the water quantity

1. Close the needle valve (1).
2. Then open the needle valve (1) two turns.
3. In this position, the water quantity is approx. 200 l/h.
4. Adjust the expected amount of water at the needle valve (1).
5. The material consistency can be adjusted using the needle valve (1).

#### NOTE



Turning the needle valve in clockwise direction causes lesser water flow so that the material becomes viscous and vice versa.

The specifications of the material manufacturer must be observed here.



*Any interruption in the mixing operation results in a slight irregularity in the consistency of the material. This irregularity normalises by itself as soon as the machine has been working for a short while.*

*Therefore it is important not to change the water quantity for each irregularity. Wait until the consistency of the material has set again.*



Figure 26: Connecting the water hose

6. Connect the water hose (2) to the water inlet of the mixing tube (3).

#### NOTE



There is a disc in the water inlet on the mixing tube for reducing the water jet that enters the mixing tube.

### 5.3.7 Feeding dry material to the machine



Figure 27: Bagged goods

1. Fill the bagged material into the material hopper.

#### ⚠ CAUTION



#### Danger of injury at the sack opener!

The sharp edges of the sack opener pose a risk of injury.

- Wear safety gloves.

## 5.4 Shutdown in case of emergency

### Shutdown in case of emergency

In dangerous situations, machine movements have to be stopped as quickly as possible, and the power supply has to be disconnected.



1



1

In case of danger proceed as follows:

1. Immediately press the red EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (1).
2. Disconnect the power supply.
3. Inform responsible person at the operational site.
4. If necessary call for medical assistance and fire brigade.
5. Recover persons from the danger zone, initiate First Aid measures.
6. Keep access routes free for emergency vehicles.
7. If the severity of the emergency permits, inform the competent authorities.
8. Assign specialised personnel with the troubleshooting.

### After the rescue operations

#### **WARNING**



#### **Danger to life from premature reactivation!**

On reactivation there is danger to life for all persons in the danger zone.

- Ensure that the danger zone is clear before switching the machine back on.
- Check the system before reactivation and ensure that all safety equipment is installed and functional.

9. Check the system before reactivation and ensure that all safety equipment is installed and functional.

## Operation

### 5.5 Putting the machine into operation

#### 5.5.1 Feeding material to the machine

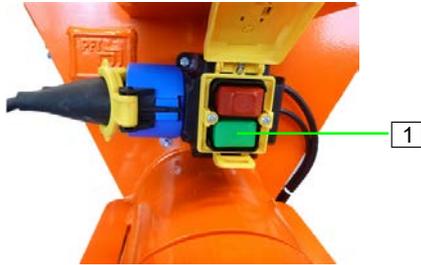


Figure 28: Switching on the machine

#### Switching on the machine at 230V

1. Switch the machine on by pressing the green "ON" pushbutton (1).
2. Check mortar consistency at the mortar outlet.



Figure 29: Switching on the machine

#### Switching on the machine at 120V

1. Switch on the machine using the black switch (1).
2. Make sure that the EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (2) is not actuated.
3. To release, turn the EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (2) to the right (direction of arrow).
4. Check mortar consistency at the mortar outlet.

### 5.6 Applying mortar

#### **⚠ WARNING**



#### **Danger of injury from discharged mortar!**

Discharged mortar may lead to injuries to eyes and face.

- Always wear protective goggles.
- Always position yourself in such a way that you are not hit by the mortar being discharged.

## 5.7 Interruption of work

### NOTE



Generally, the setting times of the materials to be processed must be observed. (Pay attention to outside temperature when doing so).

The guidelines of the material manufacturers have to be observed regarding breaks.

### NOTE



Clean the mixing tube depending on the setting time of the material and the duration of the interruption (pay attention to outside temperature).

## 5.8 Switching off the machine



Figure 30: Switching off the machine

### Switching on the machine at 230V

1. Switch off the machine by pressing the red "OFF" pushbutton (1).

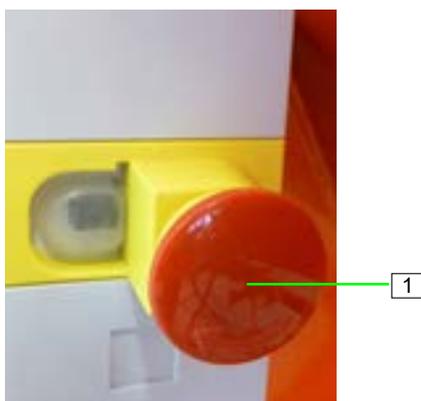


Figure 31: Switching off the machine

### Switching on the machine at 120V

1. Switch off the machine by pressing the red EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (1).
2. If the EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton is pressed, the machine is switched off.

## Operation

### 5.9 Action in case of power failure



Figure 32: Disconnecting power supply

#### Disconnecting the power supply

1. Disconnect the power supply.
2. Have the power supply connection checked by an expert.

#### NOTE



Generally, the setting times of the materials to be processed must be observed. (Pay attention to outside temperature when doing so).

The guidelines of the material manufacturers have to be observed regarding breaks.

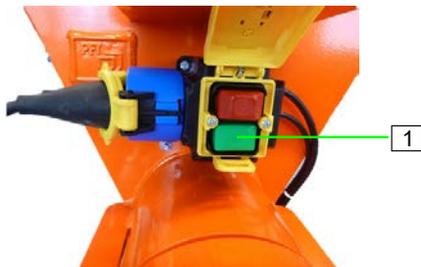


Figure 33: Switching on the machine after a power failure

#### Switching on the machine at 230V after a power failure

#### NOTE



The machine is equipped with a restart interlock. In case of a power failure, this must be started as follows.

1. Press the green "ON" pushbutton (1).



Figure 34: Switching on the machine after a power failure

#### Switching on the machine at 120V after a power failure

#### NOTE



The machine is equipped with a restart interlock. In case of a power failure, this must be started as follows.

1. Actuate the black switch (1).
2. Make sure that the EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (2) is not actuated.
3. To release, turn the EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (2) to the right (direction of arrow).

## 5.10 Measures in case of risk of frost

### ⚠ CAUTION



#### Damage by frost!

Water that expands on freezing inside the component can cause serious damage.

Therefore:

- Only install dry parts.

Carry out the following steps when the pump is not operating and there is a danger of frost.

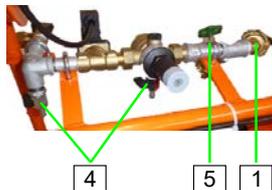


Figure 35: Opening the water drain cocks

1. Remove the water hose from the water inlet (1).
2. Disconnect the water hose (2) from the water inlet at the mixing tube (3).
3. Open the water drain cocks (4) and water sampling valve (5).
4. Connect an air hose with an air compressor to the water inlet (1) and use low pressure to blow the water manifold dry.

### NOTE



Make sure that the water fully flows out of the water manifold.



Figure 36: Disconnect water supply

## 5.11 Measures to be taken in case of water outage

### NOTE



Clean water can be supplied to the machine from a container by means of a pressure booster pump (item no. 00493686).

## Operation

### 5.12 Ending work / cleaning the machine

#### 5.12.1 Cleaning

- Clean the machine daily at the end of work and in case of extended breaks.

#### NOTE



##### **Water can enter sensitive machine parts!**

- Before cleaning the machine cover all openings in which no water must enter for safety and functional reasons (e.g.: electric motors and control cabinets).
- Remove the covers completely after cleaning.

#### 5.12.2 Secure against restarting

#### **⚠ WARNING**



##### **Danger to life from unauthorised restarting!**

When working with the machine there is the risk that the energy supply is switched on without authorisation. This poses a danger to life for the persons in danger area.

- Before starting work, switch off all electrical power supplies and secure them against being switched back on again.
- If the protective covers are removed for cleaning purposes, it is essential that they be properly reattached when work is finished.

### 5.12.3 Emptying the mixing tube



The machine must be cleaned daily after work and before prolonged pauses:

1. Stop filling material into the material hopper shortly before end of work.
2. As soon as thinner material appears at the mortar outlet, switch the machine off by pressing the red EMERGENCY STOP pushbutton (1).
3. Switch the machine on again and collect the thinned material in a separate container.

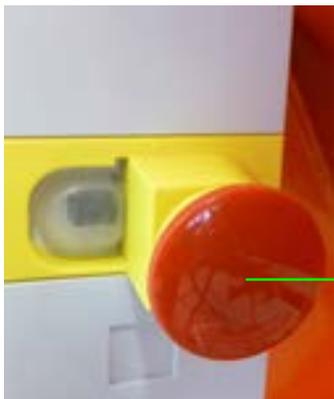
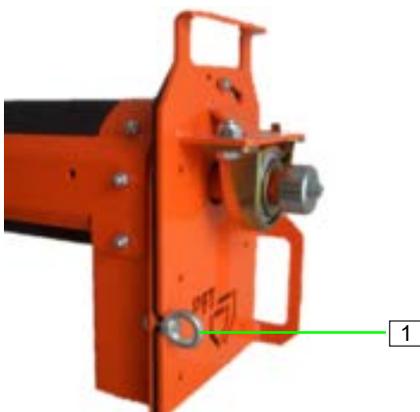


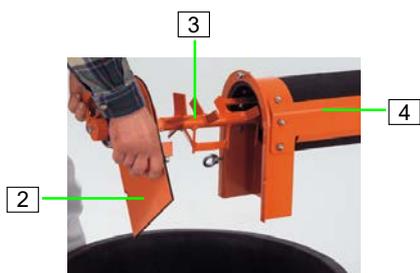
Figure 37: Switching off

### 5.12.4 Cleaning the mixing shaft



1. Loosen ring nut (1).

Figure 38: Loosen ring nut



2. Turn the star plate (2) to the left. Pull it forward from the mixing tube (4) with the mixing shaft (3) and clean.

Figure 39: Remove the mixing shaft

## Operation



Figure 40: Greasing the bearing journal

3. Lightly grease the bearing journal (5) on the mixing shaft.

### 5.12.5 Cleaning the mixing tube



Figure 41: Cleaning the mixing tube

1. Release the quick closures (1) on both sides.
2. Remove the mixing tube and clean it thoroughly.
3. The rubber mixing tube can be dismantled for cleaning.
4. To do this, pull the rubber mixing tube (2) out of the holder for the rubber mixing tube (3) and clean it thoroughly.

#### ⚠ CAUTION



#### Danger of crushing due to the mixing tube!

Note the weight of the mixing tube when removing and installing it.

### 5.12.6 Setting the mixing shaft

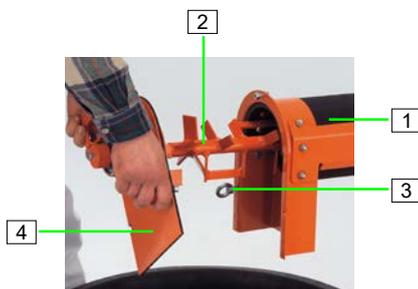


Figure 42: Setting the mixing shaft

#### NOTE



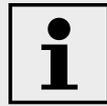
When installing the parts, make sure they are clean and dry.

Pay attention to the correct fit of metering and mixing shaft.

Always keep the quick closures and gaskets clean. Grease the bearing journal and connecting pieces of the mixing shaft.

1. Assemble clean and dry parts only.
2. Fit the cleaned mixing tube (1) and close the quick closures on both sides of the mixing tube.
3. Move the cleaned mixing shaft (2) into the mixing tube and connect with dosing shaft.
4. Fasten the star plate (4) using the ring nut (3).

### 5.12.7 Cleaning the material hopper



*The inside of the material hopper can be cleaned with a water hose after having been emptied completely.*

1. Loosen the screw (1).
2. Remove the protective grille.
3. Clean material hopper.

Figure 43: Remove the protective grille

### 5.12.8 Cleaning the dosing shaft



1. Undo the nut (1) with screw.
2. Remove the dosing shaft (2) and clean it.
3. Reinsert the cleaned dosing shaft and secure with screw and nut.
4. Insert the protective grille and also secure it using a screw.

Figure 44: Cleaning the dosing shaft

## 5.13 Reaction in the event of faults

### Reaction in the event of faults

The following applies as a general rule:

1. In the event of faults presenting immediate danger to persons or property, activate the emergency OFF function immediately.
2. Determine cause of the fault.
3. If the rectification of faults requires works in the danger zone, switch off the system and secure against restarting.
4. Inform the manager on site immediately about the fault.
5. Depending on the type of fault, commission authorised skilled personnel or rectify the fault yourself.



*The following fault table gives information on who is authorised to rectify the fault.*

### 5.13.1 Safety

#### Personnel

- The work for rectification of faults described here can be carried out by the operator, unless marked otherwise.
- Some works must be carried out only by specially trained skilled personnel or exclusively by the manufacturer. Information on this can be found in the description of the individual faults.
- Work on electrical systems must always only be carried out by qualified electricians.

### Personal protective equipment

The following protective equipment has to be worn for all maintenance work:

- Protective clothing
- Protective goggles
- Protective gloves
- Safety shoes

### 5.13.2 Faults

The following chapter describes possible causes for faults and the activities carried out for their rectification.

In case faults occur frequently, shorten the maintenance intervals in accordance with the actual load.

Contact your dealer if malfunctions occur that cannot be solved using this manual.



### 5.13.3 Table of faults

Fault	Possible cause	Troubleshooting	Rectification by
Machine does not start water	Water pressure too low	Check the water supply, clean the strainer screen	Operator
	The water pressure is too low	Install booster pump	Operator
Machine does not start current	Power supply not in order	Repair power supply	Service technician
	"ON" pushbutton not pressed	Press green pushbutton	Operator
	RCD was triggered	Reset RCD	Service technician
Machine does not start material	Excessively thickened material in mixing tube	Empty the mixing tube and start again	Operator
	Excessively dry material in mixing tube	Empty the mixing tube and start again	Operator
Water is not flowing	Solenoid valve (hole in membrane blocked)	Clean solenoid valve	Service technician
	Solenoid coil defective	Change solenoid coil	Service technician
	Water inlet at mixing tube blocked	Clean water inlet at mixing tube	Operator
	Needle valve closed	Open needle valve	Operator
	Cable to solenoid valve defective	Replace cable to solenoid valve	Service technician
Mixing motor does not start	Mixing motor defective	Replace the mixing motor	Service technician
	Connection cable defective	Change connection cable	Service technician
Machine stops after a short while	Water inlet screen contaminated	Clean or replace filter	Operator
	Hose connection or water supply line too small	Enlarge hose connection or water supply line	Operator
	Water inlet pipe too long or inlet pressure too low	Connect an additional booster pump upstream if necessary	Service technician
Mortar flow "thick-thin"	Too little water	Increase the water quantity by 10 % for approx. ½ minute and then turn down slowly	Operator
	Mixing shaft defective; no original PFT agitator	Replace the mixing shaft with original PFT agitator	Operator
	Pressure reducer set incorrectly or defective	Adjust or replace pressure reducer	Service technician
Mortar flow ceases	Poor mixing in mixing tube	Add more water	Operator
	Material clumped or suction pressure too low	Remove the material and clean the water inlet	Operator
	Material in material hopper has become wet	Remove the wet material and dry the material hopper	Operator
	Mixing shaft defective	Replace the mixing shaft	Operator

## Maintenance

### 6 Maintenance

#### 6.1 Safety

##### Personnel

- The maintenance works described here can be carried out by the operator, unless marked otherwise.
- Some maintenance work must only be carried out by specially trained technical personnel or exclusively by the manufacturer.
- Work on electrical systems must always only be carried out by qualified electricians.

##### Basic information

#### **WARNING**



#### **Risk of injury due to improperly carried out maintenance work!**

Improper maintenance can lead to severe injuries or considerable property damage.

- Prior to starting the works ensure that there is enough space to carry out the works.
- Ensure order and safety at the assembly site! Unattached components or tools left lying around or stacked on one another can cause accidents.
- If components have been previously removed, ensure that they are mounted again correctly, reattach all fastening elements and adhere to the specified screw tightening torques.

##### Electrical system

#### **DANGER**



#### **Danger to life from electric current!**

Contact with live components can lead to death or serious injury. Live electrical components can move uncontrollably and cause serious injury.

- Switch off the energy supply before starting any work and secure against restarting.

### 6.1.1 Remove connection cable



Figure 45: Remove connection cable

#### Electrical system

#### **⚠ WARNING**



#### **Danger to life from electric current!**

There is danger to life if you come in contact with live parts. Activated electrical components can carry out uncontrolled movements and cause serious injuries.

Therefore:

- Switch off the energy supply before starting any work and secure against restarting.
- Disconnect the power supply by removing the connection cable.

#### Secure against restarting

#### **⚠ WARNING**



#### **Danger to life from unauthorised restarting!**

When working with the tool, there is the risk that the energy supply is switched on without authorisation. This poses a danger to life for the persons in danger area.

Therefore:

- Switch off all power supplies before starting any work and secure against restarting.

## 6.2 Environmental protection

#### Environmental protection

Observe the following notes on environmental protection when carrying out maintenance works:

- Remove the discharged, exhausted or surplus grease at all greasing points that are lubricated manually and dispose of in accordance with the local applicable regulations.
- Collect used oil in suitable containers and dispose of it according to the applicable local regulations.

### 6.3 Maintenance plan

The following paragraphs describe the maintenance works required for an optimal and trouble-free operation.

In the event that increased wear is detected during regular checks, the required maintenance intervals have to be shortened according to the actual signs of wear.

Should you have any queries regarding maintenance works and intervals contact the manufacturer, see back page for service address.



*The maintenance is limited to a few checks.*

*Thorough cleaning after use is the most important maintenance.*

Interval	Maintenance work	To be carried out by
Daily	Clean/replace the strainer screen in the water inlet.	Operator
Monthly	Clean/replace the strainer screen in the pressure reducer.	Service technician
Half-yearly	Lubricate the bearings for the dosing shaft.	Operator

### 6.4 Maintenance work

In the event that increased wear is detected during regular checks, the required maintenance intervals have to be shortened according to the actual signs of wear.

Should you have any queries regarding maintenance works and intervals contact the manufacturer, see back page for service address.

#### 6.4.1 Implementation by a service technician



*A service technician is responsible for the assembly and commissioning of machines. In addition, service technicians carry out maintenance and repair work. If work is required on the control box or on other electrical parts, the service technician must have completed vocational training as an electrician.*

### 6.4.2 Strainer screen in the water inlet



Figure 46: Strainer screen in the water inlet

Implementation by operator

1. Remove the strainer screen (1) from Geka coupling.
2. Clean the strainer screen.
3. Replace the screen if dirt is severe.
4. Reinsert the strainer screen.

Screen for Geka coupling:

- Item no. 20152000

### 6.4.3 Strainer screen in pressure reducer



Figure 47: Strainer screen in pressure reducer

Implementation by a service technician

1. Remove the closure cap (1) from the pressure reducer.
2. Take out the strainer screen (2) and clean (monthly).
3. Replace the strainer screen if dirt is severe.
4. Insert strainer screen and screw on the closure cap.

Screen for pressure reducer:

- Item no. 20156000

### 6.4.4 Lubrication



Figure 48: Lubricate the bearings

Implementation by operator

1. Lubricate the bearing of the dosing shaft at the grease nipple (1) half-yearly.

### 6.4.5 Changing the V-belt



1. Loosen the four screws (1) and remove the cover hood (2).
2. Loosen the counter nuts (3) and screws (4).
3. The V-belt is tensioned by the dead weight of the gear motor.
4. The V-belt should not move more than one centimetre when pressure is applied to it.

#### WARNING



#### Danger of being pulled in by the V-belt!

Reaching into the V-belt can cause serious injury to hands and arms.

- Never operate the machine without the cover.
- Disconnect the power supply when working on the V-belt.
- Never reach into the belt drive when the machine is running.

Figure 49: V-belt

### 6.5 Actions after completed maintenance

After finishing the maintenance works and prior to switching on the machine, the following steps have to be carried out:

1. Check all previously loosened screw connections for secure fit.
2. Check if all previously removed safety systems and covers are properly reinstalled.
3. Ensure that all tools, materials and other equipment used have been removed from the work area.
4. Clean the work area and remove any spilled materials such as liquids, processing material or similar.
5. Ensure that all safety systems of the installation work perfectly.

### 6.6 Periodic inspection/expert inspection

- Construction machinery has to be inspected for safe working condition in accordance with the operating conditions and the operational requirements as needed, however at least once a year by an expert.
- Pressure vessels have to undergo the prescribed expert inspections.
- The inspection results have to be documented and kept at least until the next inspection.



## 7 Disassembly

After the useful service life has been reached, the device has to be dismantled and disposed of in an environment-friendly manner.

### 7.1 Safety

#### Personnel

- Disassembly must be carried out by specially trained technical personnel only.
- Work on the electrical system must be carried out by qualified electricians only.

#### Basic information

#### **WARNING**



#### **Risk of injury in case of improper disassembly!**

Stored residual energies, sharp components, points or edges at and inside the device or on the required tools might cause injuries.

Therefore:

- Prior to starting the works ensure that there is sufficient space.
- Carefully handle components with sharp edges.
- Ensure order and cleanliness at the working place! Loose components and tools on top of one another or lying about pose potential accident risks.
- Dismantle components correctly. Pay attention to partly high dead weight of the components. If required, use lifting equipment.
- Secure components that they do not fall down or topple over.
- In case of doubt, consult the dealer.

#### Electrical system

#### **DANGER**



#### **Danger to life from electric current!**

Contact with live components can lead to death or serious injury. Activated electrical components can carry out uncontrolled movements and cause serious injuries.

Therefore:

- Prior to beginning the disassembly, switch off the power supply and fully disconnect it.

## 7.2 Disassembly

When decommissioning, clean the device and dismantle it according to the applicable work safety and environmental protection regulations.

Prior to starting the disassembly:

- Switch off device and secure against restarting.
- Disconnect the entire energy supply from the machine and discharge the residual energy.
- Remove operating and auxiliary materials as well as residual processing materials and dispose of them in an environmentally sound manner.

## 8 Disposal

Provided no return or disposal agreements have been made, recycle the disassembled parts:

- Scrap metals.
- Recycle plastic elements.
- Dispose of remaining components, sorted according to the type of material.

### NOTE



#### **Environmental damage due to incorrect disposal!**

- Electrical scrap and components, lubricants and other process materials are subject to special guidelines and may only be disposed of by approved waste disposal specialists!



*Local authorities and waste disposal specialists can provide more details on the correct disposal of materials.*



## Disposal





PFT - ALWAYS AT YOUR SITE



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